Assurance Summary

Scheme Details

Project Name	O44 – Elsecar Active Travel Lane FBC	Type of funding	Grant
Grant Recipient	Barnsley Metropolitan Borough Council	Total Scheme Cost	£592,506.38
MCA Executive Board	Transport and the Environment Board	MCA Funding	£575,177
Programme name	Active Travel Fund / Gainshare (ATF2 / Gainshare)	% MCA Allocation	97%



Appraisal Summary

Project Description						
Is it clear what the MCA is being ask	ed to fund?					
Yes. Outputs shown below.						
Strategic Case						
Scheme Rationale	Does the scheme have a clearly stated rationale and provide a strong justification for public funding? The scheme fits well with the SEP, the Transport Strategy, the Active Travel Implementation plan and national policies to encourage					
	The scheme fits well w urban living and active		ansport Strategy, the Act	ive Travel Implementa	tion plan and natior	nal policies to encourage
Strategic policy fit	How well does the sch	eme align with the s	strategic objectives of the	e SEP and RAP?		
	The scheme is promote	ed as a key part of	plans to achieve these a	ims.		
Contribution to Carbon Net Zero			objective to achieve Car			
						ycling and walking in the
		oportion of the total	travel demand, any incr	ease in active travel at	the expense of mo	torised, contributes to
0.1457	reducing emissions.					
SMART scheme objectives			esented in the business		<i>(' (0.0)0</i>	
			ntegic objectives (see 3.2			
						ed against these. (Note
	Short-Term	elers to the span of	the strategy – outcomes	s will be known by 202	4.)	
	Short-reini					
	Objective	Specific	Measurable	Achievable	Relevant	Time Related
	1.	Improvements	Increase the number	TPT counts will		
	Encourage more	to this active	of walking and cycling	determine if this		
	cycling and	travel route will	trips on the existing	has been achieved	0,5	Criteria by 2040
	walking;	lead to	Elsecar route over			
		increases in	the 2019 figures.		3.2km of	
		walking and	_		enhanced active	
		cycling.	2019 Figures		travel route, of	
					which 0.85km	
			Cycling – 19719;		will be new.	
			Walking – 63793.			
			T		Provision of	
			Targets		Zebra Crossing	

		39% - uplift in cycling by 2040. 65% - uplift in walking by 2040.		on Wentworth Road. Improved crossing on Wath Road Lower speed limit to 30mph on Wentworth Road from 60mph.	
2. Create an environment that is safer for both walking and cycling to replace journeys made by car;	Improvements to the Elsecar AT and provision of safe crossing points will make it safer to travel between Elsecar and Cortonwood and reduce car travel between	39 accidents 2015- 2020 - 50% reduction after 2 years of scheme opening and a 75% reduction after 5 years of scheme opening. Appendix L indicates the route these accidents occurred on. (Blue Line).	STATS 19 returns will determine whether this objective has been achieved	SCR Transport Strategy Policy 4.	SCR Transport Strategy Success Criteria by 2040

Longer term

Objective	Specific	Measurable	Achievable	Relevant	Time Related
3. To create	The scheme	March 2021 survey	Repeat of	SCR Transport	SCR Transport
a cultural shift	aims to increase	- appendix R:	consultation to	Strategy Policy	Strategy Success
towards making	the number of	■ Cycling –	assess how much	5.	Criteria by 2040
cycling and	trips made by	15.2%	change has		-
walking the	walking and	■ Walking –	occurred since		
natural choice	cycling	33.6%.	March 2021		
for shorter		Increase this to:	survey.		
journeys.		Cycling –			
		20%			
Note: This		■ Walking –			
objective is linked		37%.			
to objective 1. The					
provision of the		2 years after			
scheme will act as		scheme opening.			
a demonstration					
effect where more		Increase this to:			

	cycling acts as a multiplier to encourage more cycling.		 Cycling – 25% Walking – 40%. years after scheme opening. 			
	4. To effect a mode shift away from the private car in those areas where new opportunities are likely to see an increase in demand or where growth could be stifled	The provision of the Elsecar AT scheme will enable better access to employment sites on the A6135 Dearne Valley Parkway and Elsecar Heritage Centre.	Hoyland Milton ward. Increase the number of residents without access to a car from current 26.5% to 30%	Manual/ video pedestrian cycle counts Fully functioning automatic cycle counts	SCR Transport Strategy Policy 5.	SCR Transport Strategy Success Criteria by 2040
	5. Improving Air Quality and work towards City Regions Net Zero Carbon aspirations.	The Elsecar AT scheme aims to reduce levels of particulate matter (PM10 and Nitrous Oxide (NO ₂)	of pollutants within 2 years of opening to 37 µg/m³	Detailed modelling will determine whether if this objective is achievable	SCR Policy 7	SCR Transport Strategy Success Criteria by 2040
Options assessment	The Applicant has used transport users and prooption was ruled out as	ions assessment and d? d MCD analysis to identify the properties. All but the properties taking longer than a	entify the best combinat eferred option were disc evailable within the progr	ion of routes, measure carded as failing to me	es and facilities to m	naximise net benefits to
Statutory requirements and adverse consequences	Does the scheme have Yes – temporary and p	e any Statutory Requi permanent TROs requ	irements?			
Value for Money						

Core monetised Benefits	BCR = 1.65	Non-monetised and wider	[Values/description – supplementary form]
		economic benefits	In main OBC:
			On a scale -2 to +2:
			2: Increased demand for AT, net zero carbon, health, economics.
			0:Improved PT viability, Social value
			In transport Supplementary form:
			Mod. Beneficial: physical activity, accessibility
			Slight Beneficial: Noise, LAQ, GHG, Safety, security, severance
			Neutral: personal affordability

In your view do the key assumptions and uncertainties present any significant risks to achieving the value for money?

Forecasts of cost are realistic and include a risk provision of 8%

If costs increase a further 10% - BCR falls to 1.52

Forecasts of demand are conservative / realistic based on current usage of the TPT and recent growth rates

If demand uplifts +25% - BCR increases to 2.05

If demand uplifts -25% - BCR falls to 1.26

If costs increase 10% and demand uplift fall 25% - BCR falls to 1.1

Value for Money Statement

Taking into consideration the monetised and non-monetised benefits and costs, does the scheme represent good value for money?

Medium

Risk

What are the most significant risks and is there evidence that these risks are being mitigated?

The risks remain as below:

Risk	Mitigation	Owner	
COVID and the impacts – potential issue around delivery of materials, contractors working on site	Watching brief on the impacts – particularly Tier levels Safe Working practices on site	Project Manager / Site Supervision	
Failure to maintain political support	Ensure robust support and communication plan.	Project Manager	
Statutory Undertakers Apparatus	Early submissions for stats information	Design Team / Project manager	
Old Mine Workings	Most of the borough is made of old mining villages, so ground investigation surveys will be required where any deep excavation is required	Design Team / Project manager	
Part 1 Claims	Given the impact on AT schemes have had in the news - this will need to be carefully monitored should any Part 1 claims be forthcoming	Project Manager / Legal team	

Some further public consultation has taken place as requested – a survey of residents' attitudes to the scheme (details in Appendix R). This shows that the great majority of respondents support the proposals.

Do the significant risks require any contract conditions? (e.g. clawback on outcomes)

Standard conditions will apply

Are there any significant risks associated with securing the full funding of the scheme?

No – 100% ATF funded

Are there any key risks that need to be highlighted in relation to the procurement strategy?

Competition for resources across programmes could add delay and cost due to pressure on capacity of contractors.

Delivery

Is the timetable for delivery reasonable and has the promoter identified opportunities for acceleration?

Yes. Start on site post 21/12/21 (DLO contract), completion March 2022. Some slippage likely.

Is the procurement strategy clear with defined milestones?

Yes. DLO - contracted by 21/12.

What is the level of cost certainty and is this sufficient at this stage of the assurance process?

90%. Yes.

Has the promoter confirmed they will cover any cost overruns without reducing the benefits of the scheme?

Yes (ITB)

Has the promoter demonstrated clear project governance and identified the SRO?

Yes.

Has the SRO or other appropriate Officer signed of this business case?

Yes

Has public consultation taken place and if so, is there public support for the scheme?

Yes, a general surveys and virtual meetings with residents, visitors and business owners have taken place and a scheme-specific online survey was carried out in August 2021 which indicated a high level of local support for the scheme.

Are monitoring and evaluation procedures in place?

Yes, a clear and comprehensive approach has been outlined.

Legal

Has the scheme considered Subsidy Control compliance or does the promoter still need to seek legal advice?

Yes. Legal opinion is included within the FBC document (7.7b)

Recommendation and Conditions

Recommendation	Approved to proceed to Contract
Payment Basis	Defrayal
Conditions of Award	(including clawback clauses)

Conditions of Award (including clawback clauses)

Prior to contract the following to be provided:

- Project Risk Log
- Appendix B (Social Value Outcomes)
- Final signed version of Full Business Case

Conditions to be included in contract:

- Project will be subject to standard clawback conditionality clauses
- The Recipient is liable to cover cost overruns beyond the grant award